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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/774,013	01/31/2001	Fumihiro Sonoda	Q62082	2278	
7590 03/23/2005 SUGHRUE, MION, ZINN, MACPEAK & SEAS, PLLC			EXAMINER		
			EDWARDS, PATRICK L		
2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W. WASHINGTON, DC 20037-3213			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	,		2621		
			DATE MAILED: 03/23/2004	DATE MAILED: 03/23/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/774,013	SONODA, FUMIHIRO			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Patrick L Edwards	2621			
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory peri  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by star Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the ma earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of third will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI tute, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed  ty (30) days will be considered timely.  NTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10	January 2005.				
	his action is non-final.				
Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-20 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner.				
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ a	ccepted or b) objected to	by the Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to t	he drawing(s) be held in abeya	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corr	,	• • •			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International Burn * See the attached detailed Office action for a line of the papplication from the International Burn * See the attached detailed Office action for a line of the papplication from the International Burn * See the attached detailed Office action for a line of the papplication from the International Burn * See the attached detailed Office action for a line of the papplication from the International Burn * See the attached detailed Office action for a line of the papplication for a line of the p	ents have been received. ents have been received in a riority documents have been eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)			
<ol> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ol>		(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 			

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 01-10-2005 has been entered.

## Response to Arguments

2. The applicant's arguments, filed on 12-13-2004, have been fully considered. A response to these arguments is provided below.

## 35 USC 112, Second Paragraph Rejections

<u>Summary of Argument</u>: Applicant has amended the claims to adopt the examiner's suggestions and overcome the previous rejections under 35 U.S.C. § 112(2).

<u>Examiner's Response</u>: The previous rejections are hereby withdrawn.

# **Prior Art Rejections**

<u>Summary of Argument</u>: Applicant amended the two independent claims, and traverses all of the previous prior art rejections.

<u>Examiner's Response</u>: Applicant's arguments are unpersuasive; however, those arguments have been rendered moot. A new rejection—necessitated by applicant's amendment—will be provided below.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being anticipated by Stavely et al. (USPN 5,969,372) in view of Yajima et al. (USPN 4,074,231).

With regard to claim 1, which is representative of claim 7, Stavely discloses reading a defective image as information related to a defect on the film (Stavely col. 2 lines 31-34).

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Stavely further discloses reading the defective image before reading the actual image (Stavely col. 4 lines 21-25).

Stavely further discloses performing preprocessing for the blemish elimination processing on the the defective image (Stavely col. 5 lines 60-65).

Stavely further discloses performing blemish elimination processing on a blemish of the actual image, based on the defective image subjected to preprocessing (Stavely col. 4 lines 19-24).

With regard to the added limitation that preprocessing comprises edge enhancement processing, Stavely discloses preprocessing the infrared scan with known image processing techniques such as area size thresholding, feature clustering, edge detection and boundary following, and region extraction methods (Stavely col. 5 lines 60-65). Stavely, however, fails to expressly disclose enhancing or filtering these edges or boundaries. Yajima, on the other hand, teaches the use of edge enhancement for the purpose of clearly defining the borders of a line (Yajima col. 2 lines 41-48). It would have been obvious to one reasonably skilled in the art at the time of the invention to modify Stavely's preprocessing method by enhancing edges in addition to detecting them. Such a modification would have allowed for the boundaries of the defective portions to be more clearly defined and recognizable.

With regard to claim 3, Stavely discloses that the image on the film is sequentially read on a plane basis (see figure 1).

With regard to claims 5 and 8, Stavely further discloses producing flag information which indicates the presence or absence of the defect on a pixel unit basis from the defective image (Stavely col. 4 lines 21-24: the defect signature information disclosed in stavely is analogous to the claimed flag information because both indicates the presence or absence of a defect).

With regard to claims 6 and 9, Stavely discloses that the defective image is photoelectrically read using infrared light (Stavely col. 4 lines 27-28)

With regard to claims 4 and 10, Stavely discloses that the defective image is evaluated to obtain an evaluated result (Stavely col. 4 lines 21-24). The image of suface defects from the infrared image as disclosed in Stavely is analogous to the evaluated result as recited in the claim. With respect to the further limitation recited in the claim that preprocessing and blemish elimination processing are stopped in accordance with the evaluated result, Stavely discloses that the image of surface defects, which is derived from the infrared image, is used in the blemish elimination processing (Stavely col. 4 lines 21-24). Since the image of surface defects, which is analogous to the evaluated result as recited in the claim, is used to perform the blemish elimination processing, it follows that the preprocessing and blemish elimination processing are stopped in accordance with the evaluated result. Therefore, this further limitation is inherent in the teachings of Stavely

With regard to claims 2 and 11, Stavely further discloses that preprocessing is finished by the time the actual image is obtained (Stavely col. 4 lines 24-25: The reference describes that the order of scan A and scan B is not important. Thus, Stavely discloses performing Scan B before Scan A. In this case, the preprocessing of Scan B (the defective image) would be completed by the time Scan A (the actual image) is obtained.

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With regard to claims 12 and 13, Stavely further discloses that, following the blemish elimination processing, the actual image is an image without blemishes (see generally Stavely col. 1 – col. 14).

With regard to claims 15, 16 and 20, Stavely discloses that preprocessing is performed during or before the image on the film is fine scanned by visible light (Stavely col. 4 lines 24-25: Again, the reference describes both simultaneous scanning of the two images (i.e. preprocessing is performed during) and sequential scanning of the two images in either order (i.e. preprocessing is performed before).

Referring to claims 14 and 19, the combination of Stavely and Yajima further disclose that the edge enhancement method enhances the image of an edge (Yajima col. 2 lines 41-48) corresponding to a defective portion (Stavely col. 5 lines 60-65), emphasing the boundary (Yajima col. 2 line 42 and Stavely col. 5 line 62), and defining the position of the defect of the defective image (Stavely col. 4 line 23). This edge enhanced image data is binary coded (Yajima col. 3 lines 56-57).

Referring to claims 17 and 18, Stavely further discloses that the evaluated result is a result on whether image data which is smaller than a given threshold value is present before performing the preprocessing (Stavely col. 10 lines 54-62). If the image data is smaller than the threshold value, Stavely discloses that blemish elimination processing is not needed (Stavely col. 10 lines 54-62).

#### Conclusion

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Patrick L Edwards whose telephone number is (703) 305-6301. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30am - 5:00pm M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Leo Boudreau can be reached on (703) 305-4706. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Patrick L Edwards

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BRIAN WERNER
PRIMARY EXAMINER